

# Five cards

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*The Busy Lizzie Maths Library*

## Five cards

Here are five digit cards. They are face down, so you can't see the number written on them.



The **red** and **blue** stand for two different whole numbers.

The sum of all the cards is 30.

What could the values of the red and blue cards be?

## Five cards

This problem lends itself to a bar model.

A bar model helps you to visualize the number problem as a picture or series of bars.

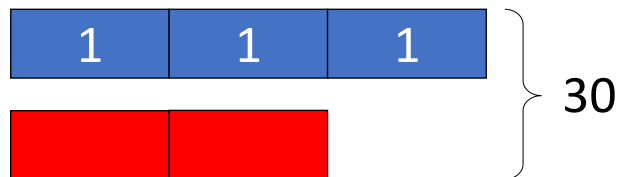


Using trial and improvement, fill the blue boxes with a number. Subtract this from 30 and divide the answer by 2.

The total of the blue cards must be an even number. Why?

## Five cards

Let's try 1 in each of the blue boxes.

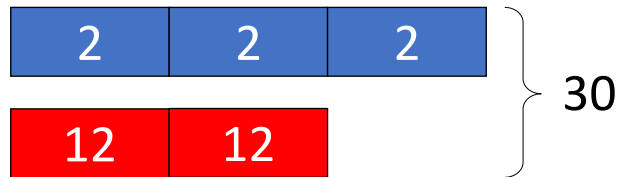


$$30 - 3 = 27$$

You cannot divide 27 by 2 and have a whole number as the answer.

## Five cards

Let's be systematic and try 2 in each of the blue boxes.



$$30 - 6 = 24$$

$$24 \div 2 = 12$$

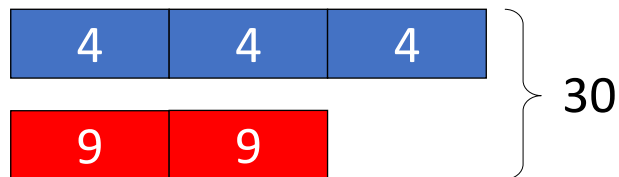
Check by adding the red and blue cards together.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 12 + 12 = 30$$

Blue = 2  
Red = 12

## Five cards

Let's try another even number and put 4 in each of the blue boxes.



$$30 - 12 = 18$$

$$18 \div 2 = 9$$

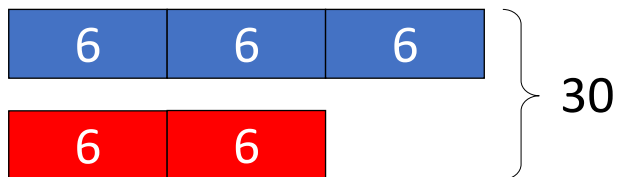
Check by adding the red and blue cards together.

$$4 + 4 + 4 + 9 + 9 = 30$$

Blue = 4  
Red = 9

## Five cards

Let's try another even number and put 6 in each of the blue boxes.



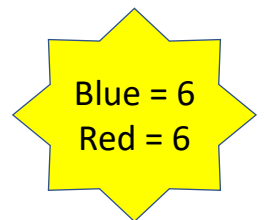
$$30 - 18 = 12$$

$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

Check by adding the red and blue cards together.

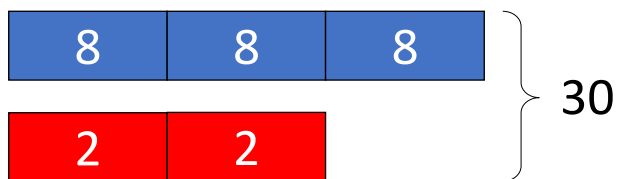
$$6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = 30$$

This works but it isn't one of the possibilities. Why?



## Five cards

Let's try another even number and put 8 in each of the blue boxes.

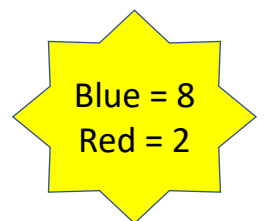


$$30 - 24 = 6$$

$$6 \div 2 = 2$$

Check by adding the red and blue cards together.

$$8 + 8 + 8 + 2 + 2 = 30$$



# Five cards

Here are all the possibilities

